Name	e of the course	OPERATING SYSTEMS		
Course Code: PC-ECS 501		Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>		
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teach	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
Theor	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
Tutorial: Nil Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks				
Practi	ical: 2 hrs/week	Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Objec	ctive:			
1.	Understand the fundamental principles and	d architecture of modern operating	syster	ns.
2.	Learn how operating systems manage hard	dware resources like CPU, memory	, and	I/O
	devices.			
3.	Gain insight into process synchronization,	, inter-process communication, and	deadle	ock
	handling.			
4.	Acquire knowledge of memory management	ent, file systems, and disk scheduli	ng stra	tegies.
Pre-F	Requisite:			
1.	Programming for Problem Solving (ES-CS	S201)		
2.	Data Structures & Algorithms (PC-ECS30	02)		
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Introduction: Generations Concept of Op	perating systems, Systems, Types	6	
	of Operating Systems OS Sarviges Sys		U	
		tem Calls, Structure of an OS -	· ·	
	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual	v	
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual OOWS Operating System.		
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  nip, Different states of a Process,	8	
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  nip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching		
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual OOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads,		
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedu	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual OOWS Operating System.  Tip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, lling: Foundation and Scheduling		
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedul objectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, lling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization,		
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedul objectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting T	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  nip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, ling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling		
2	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedul objectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting T algorithms: Pre-emptive and Non p	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, ling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling bre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR;		
	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting Talgorithms: Pre-emptive and Non p Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time sch	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, lling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling ore-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; heduling: RM and EDF.	8	
3	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting Talgorithms: Pre-emptive and Non p Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time sch Inter-process Communication: Critical Se	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, lling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling here-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; heduling: RM and EDF. hection, Race Conditions, Mutual		
	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benefic Concept of multithreads, Process Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Schedulobjectives, Turnaround Time, Waiting Talgorithms: Pre-emptive and Non public Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time schulotter-process Communication: Critical Science Exclusion, Hardware Solution, Strict Alternations.	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, ling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling pre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; heduling: RM and EDF.  lection, Race Conditions, Mutual ernation, Peterson's Solution, The	8	
	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting Talgorithms: Pre-emptive and Non p Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time sch Inter-process Communication: Critical Sci Exclusion, Hardware Solution, Strict Alte Producer Consumer Problem, Semaphore	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  Dip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, lling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling pre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; meduling: RM and EDF.  Dection, Race Conditions, Mutual ernation, Peterson's Solution, The pres, Event Counters, Monitors,	8	
	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting Talgorithms: Pre-emptive and Non p Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time sch Inter-process Communication: Critical Sc Exclusion, Hardware Solution, Strict Alte Producer Consumer Problem, Semapho Message Passing, Classical IPC Problem	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  Dip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, lling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling pre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; meduling: RM and EDF.  Dection, Race Conditions, Mutual ernation, Peterson's Solution, The pres, Event Counters, Monitors,	8	
3	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benefic Concept of multithreads, Process Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Schedulobjectives, Types of	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, ling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling pre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; heduling: RM and EDF.  Tection, Race Conditions, Mutual ernation, Peterson's Solution, The pres, Event Counters, Monitors, ms: Reader's & Writer Problem,	7	
	Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operat Machine. Case study on UNIX and WIND Processes: Definition, Process Relationsh Process State transitions, Process Control Thread: Definition, Various states, Benef Concept of multithreads, Process Schedulobjectives, Types of Schedulers, Sched Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting Talgorithms: Pre-emptive and Non p Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time sch Inter-process Communication: Critical Sc Exclusion, Hardware Solution, Strict Alte Producer Consumer Problem, Semapho Message Passing, Classical IPC Problem	ting Systems, Concept of Virtual DOWS Operating System.  hip, Different states of a Process, Block (PCB), Context switching fits of threads, Types of threads, ling: Foundation and Scheduling duling criteria: CPU utilization, Time, Response Time; Scheduling pre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; neduling: RM and EDF.  lection, Race Conditions, Mutual ernation, Peterson's Solution, The pres, Event Counters, Monitors, Ins: Reader's & Writer Problem,	8	

	detection and Recovery		
5	Memory Management: Basic concept, Logical and Physical address map,	9	
	Memory allocation: Contiguous Memory allocation- Fixed and variable		
	partition- Internal and External fragmentation and Compaction; Paging:		
	Principle of operation -Page allocation Hardware support for paging,		
	Protection and sharing, Disadvantages of paging. Virtual Memory: Basics		
	of Virtual Memory - Hardware and control structures - Locality of		
	reference, Page fault , Working Set , Dirty page/Dirty bit - Demand		
	paging, Page Replacement algorithms: Optimal, First in First Out (FIFO),		
	Second Chance (SC), Not recently used (NRU) and Least Recently used		
	(LRU)		
6	I/O Hardware: I/O devices, Device controllers, Direct memory access	9	
	Principles of I/O Software: Goals of Interrupt handlers, Device drivers,		
	Device independent I/O software, Secondary-Storage Structure: Disk		
	structure, Disk scheduling algorithms File Management: Concept of File,		
	Access methods, File types, File operation, Directory structure, File		
	System structure, Allocation methods (contiguous, linked, indexed), Free-		
	space management (bit vector, linked list, grouping), directory		
	implementation (linear list, hash table), efficiency and performance. Disk		
	Management: Disk structure, Disk scheduling - FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, C-		
	SCAN, Disk reliability, Disk formatting, Boot-block, Bad blocks		

#### Text books:

- 1. Operating System Concepts Essentials, 9th Edition by AviSilberschatz, Peter Galvin, Greg Gagne, Wiley Asia Student Edition.
- 2. Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 5th Edition, William Stallings, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Operating System Concepts, Ekta Walia, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended Textbook 2018)
- 4. Operating System: A Design-oriented Approach, 1st Edition by Charles Crowley, Irwin Publishing
- 5. Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition by Gary J. Nutt, AddisonWesley
- 6. Design of the Unix Operating Systems, 8th Edition by Maurice Bach, Prentice-Hall of India
- 7. Understanding the Linux Kernel, 3rd Edition, Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, O'Reilly and Associates

#### Reference books:

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Describe the structure, services, and types of operating systems.
- 2. Analyze and simulate process management and CPU scheduling algorithms.
- 3. Apply inter-process communication and synchronization techniques to handle concurrency.
- 4. Explain and implement techniques for deadlock prevention, avoidance, and recovery.

- 5. Evaluate memory management schemes including paging and virtual memory.
- 6. Understand file systems, disk management, and I/O handling techniques in an OS.

### **Special Remarks:**

	(Applicable from the aca	ademic session 2025-2026)		
Name	e of the course P	Power System		
Cours	urse Code: PC-ECS 502 Semester: 5th			
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
		Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
		Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	t Points: 3	and Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Obje	ctive:			
1.	To understand the basic principle of genera	ation of Electricity from different	source	
2.	To find parameters and characteristics of o	<del>_</del>		
3.	To find different parameters for the constru			
4.	To determine the performance of transmiss			
5.	To understand the principle tariff calculation			
6	To solve numerical problems on the topics			
	Requisite:	statica.		
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)	1		
2.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-ECS-301)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Basic Concepts: Evolution of Power System and present da system: Bulk power grid and Micro Grid. Generation of Electric Power: General layout of a typical coal fired power station, Nuclear power station, their comp comparison of different methods of power Introduction to Solar & Wind energy systems.	rer station, Hydro electric power conents and working principles, r generation.	10	
	Indian Electricity Rule-1956: General Int	troduction	10	
2	Overhead transmission line: Choice of frequency, Choice of voltage, Tand Capacitance of a single phase and thre unsymmetrical configurations. Bundle con Transposition. Concept of GMD and GM	ee phase symmetrical and nductors.	12	

Line supports, Towers, Poles, Sag, Tension and Clearance, Effect of Wind

Corona: Principle of Corona formation, Critical disruptive voltage, Visual

Insulators: Types, Voltage distribution across a suspension insulator string,

critical corona discharge potential, Corona loss, advantages & disadvantages of Corona. Methods of reduction of Corona.

conductor capacitance.

and Ice on Sag. Dampers.

3

Overhead line construction:

	String efficiency, Arching shield & rings, Methods of improving voltage		
	distribution across Insulator strings, Electrical tests on line Insulators.		
4	Cables: Types of cables, cable components, capacitance of single core & 3 core cables, dielectric stress, optimum cable thickness, grading, dielectric loss and loss angle.	4	
5	Performance of lines: Short, medium (nominal, T) and long lines and their representation. A.B.C.D constants, Voltage regulation, Ferranti effect, Power equations and line compensation, Power Circle diagrams.	6	
6	Tariff: Guiding principle of Tariff, different types of tariff.	3	

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Electrical Power System, Subir Roy, Prentice Hall
- 2. Power Systems, A. Ambikapathy, Khanna Publishing House
- 3. Power System Engineering, Nagrath & Kothery, TMH
- 4. Elements of power system analysis, C.L. Wodhwa, New Age International.
- 5. Electrical Power System, Ashfaq Hussain, CBS Publishers & Distributors

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Electric Power transmission & Distribution, S.Sivanagaraju, S.Satyanarayana,, Pearson Education.
- 2. A Text book on Power system Engineering, Soni, Gupta, Bhatnagar & Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co.
- 3. Electric Power distribution system Engineering, 2nd Edition, T. Gonen, CRC Press.
- 4. www.powermin.nic.in/acts notification/pdf/ier1956.pdf

### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain the principle of generation of Electric power from different sources
- 2. determine parameters of transmission lines and its performance
- 3. explain the principle of formation of corona and methods of its reduction
- 4. conduct electrical tests on insulators
- 5. solve numerical problems related to overhead transmission line, cable, insulators and tariff
- 6. analyze overhead transmission line based on short medium and long lines.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name of the course		CROCONTROLLER & IT'S APPLICA	ATION	1
Cours	se Code: PC-ECS 503 Sem	nester: 5 <sup>th</sup>		
Durat	tion: 6 months Max	ximum Marks: 100		
Teacl	hing Scheme Exa	amination Scheme		
	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
	•	ignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
		endance: 05 Marks		
		Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Credi	tt Points: 3	Semester Exam: /0 Marks		
Obie	ctive:	_		
1.		ramming principles of microcontrollers.		
2.		organization, addressing modes, and instr	netion	sets
3.		and PIC microcontroller and its periphera		
4.		mbedded applications using microcontroll		
	Requisite:	——————————————————————————————————————		
1.	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-E			
2.	Computer Org. & Architecture (PC-	<u> </u>		
۷.	Computer org. & Architecture (FC-			
Unit		content	Hrs	Marks
1.	Fundamentals of Microprocessor		4	TVICEI INS
1.	_	nicrocontroller, Architecture of 8085	•	
	microprocessor, Pin details and fun	-		
2.	Introduction to 8051 Architecture	e:	10	
	The 8051 Architecture- Hardware-	Oscillator and clock-program counter –		
	data pointer-registers-stack and s	tack pointer-special function registers-		
		mory-data memory -Input / Output Ports		
	=	er-serial data Input / output-Interrupts.		
3.	8051 Programming in Assembly 1		10	
		ge Programming, Different Addressing		
		various addressing modes – Instruction		
	_	instructions and Programs –Timer and		
2.	counters - and application Program  Interfacing Microcontroller:	s, mærrupt programming.	6	
۷.	_	arial Part Programming Intermed	ן ט	
		Serial Port Programming – Interrupts		
		rd Interfacing – ADC, DAC & Sensor		
	generation.	nterface- Stepper Motor and Waveform		
2	<u> </u>			
3.	PIC Microcontroller: PIC16FXXX architecture, oper	nation data and management are an arrangement	6	
	THE LORS AS ALCOHOCOUPE ONCE			
		ration, data and program memory ters, addressing modes, instruction set.		

#### Text books:

1. Myke Predko, "Programming and customizing the PIC microcontroller", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2008.

#### Reference books:

- 1. T. R. Padmanabhan, "Introduction to microcontrollers and applications", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Narosa publishing house private limited, 2007.
- 2. PIC Micro mid Range MCU Family Reference Manual Micro Chip Technology Inc.

### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Understand the concepts of microprocessors and microcontrollers.
- 2. Comprehend microcontroller architecture and instruction set.
- 3. Develop programs for different microcontroller.
- 4. Demonstrate real world applications through simulation and hardware.

### **Special Remarks:**

	(Applicable from the	seadeffile session 2023-2020)			
Name	ne of the course DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING				
Course Code: PE- ECS 501A Semester: 5th					
Durat	Duration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100				
Teacl	ning Scheme	<b>Examination Scheme</b>			
Theo	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
Tutor	ial: 0 hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks			
Practi	cal: 0 hrs/week	Attendance: 05 Marks			
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks			
Obje	ctive:				
1.	To understand sampling and reconstructi	on of signal.			
2.	To understand the method of Z-transform	n and inverse Z- transform of signal a	nd its		
	properties.				
3.	To understand Discrete Fourier Transform	n.			
4.	To understand methods of design of Dig	tal filters.			
5.	To understand applications of Digital sig	nal processing.			
6.	To solve numerical problems on the topic	es studied.			
Pre-F	Requisite:				
1.	Electric circuit theory (PC-ECS 301)				
2.	Control system (PC-ECS 502)				
Unit	Conte	nt	Hrs	Marks	
1	Discrete-time signals and systems: I		06	Iviai Ks	
1	Sequences; representation of signals on	_ ,	UU		
	discrete systems using difference equation				
	signals - aliasing; Sampling theorem and				
2	Z-transform: z-Transform, Region of co	onvergence, Analysis of Linear Shift	06		
	Invariant systems using z-transform, P	roperties of z-transform for causal			
	signals, Interpretation of stability in z-do	main, Inverse z- transforms.			
3	Discrete Fourier Transform : Freq	uency Domain Analysis, Discrete	08		
	Fourier Transform (DFT), Properties of DFT, Convolution of signals, Fast				
	Fourier Transform Algorithm, Parseval's Identity, Implementation of				
	Discrete Time Systems.				
4	<b>Design of Digital filters:</b> Design of F	•	12		
	Park-McClellan's method. Design of	<del>-</del>			
	Chebyshev and Elliptic Approximation				
	and High- pass filters. Effect of finite				
	ID	estimation. Introduction to multi-		I.	

Applications of Digital Signal Processing: Correlation Functions and

**06** 

rate signal processing.

Power Spectra, Stationary Processes, Optimal filtering using ARMA Model,	
Linear Mean-Square Estimation, Wiener Filter.	

#### **Text books:**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing-A computer based approach, S. Mitra, TMH.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms & Application, J.C. Proakis & M.G. Manslakis, PHI.
- 3. Fundamental of Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB, Robert J. Schilling, S.L. Harris, Cengage Learning.

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. Digital Signal Processing-implementation using DSP microprocessors with examples from TMS320C54XX, Avtar Singh & S. Srinivasan, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing, Chen, OUP.
- 3. Digital Signal Processing, Johnson, PHI.
- 4. Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB, Ingle, Vikas.
- 5. Digital Signal Processing, Ifeachor, Pearson Education.
- 6. Digital Signal Processing, A.V. Oppenhein & R.W. Shaffer, PHI.
- 7. Theory and application of Digital Signal Processing, L.R. Rabiner & B. Gold, PHI.
- 8. Digital Signal Processing, Ashok Ambarder, Cengage Learning.
- 9. Digital Signal Processing, S. Salivahanan, A. Vallavaris & C. Gnanpruja, TMH.
- 10. Xilinx FPGA user manual and application notes.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. represent signals mathematically in continuous and discrete-time and in the frequency domain.
- 2. analyse discrete-time systems using z-transform.
- 3. explain the Discrete-Fourier Transform (DFT) and the FFT algorithms.
- 4. design digital filters for various applications.
- 5. apply digital signal processing for the analysis of real-life signals.

### **Special Remarks:**

	(Applicable from the ac	cademic session 2025-2026)		
Cours	rse Code: PE- ECS 501B Semester: 5th			
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
	8	<b>Examination Scheme</b>		
	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
		Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
		Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Obje	ntivo.			
1.		nd reconstruction of signals		
2.	To understand the principle of sampling a To find Z-transform and inverse Z-transform			
3.	To carry out the analysis and design of dig			
3. 4.	To design compensators for digital contro			
4.	specifications.	i system to acmeve desired		
5.	To represent digital control systems using	state space models.		
6.	To analyze the effect sampling on stability	y, controllability and observability.		
7.	To design digital controllers for industrial applications.			
8.	To solve numerical problems on the topics	s studied		
Pre-F	Requisite:			
1.	Control system (PC-ECS 502)			
<b>T</b> T •4			TT	3.6.1
Unit	Conten		Hrs	Marks
1	<b>Sampling and reconstruction:</b> Introdusystems – Digital to Analog conversion sample and hold operations.		03	
2	Z-transform: Introduction, Linear differen	ence equations, pulse response, Z -	05	
	transforms, Theorems of Z - Transfor	ms, the inverse Z - transforms,		
	Modified Z- Transforms.			
3	Z- Plane analysis of discrete-time con	trol system: Z-Transform method	05	
	for solving difference equations; Pulse to	ransforms function, block diagram		
	analysis of sampled – data systems mapping between s-plane and z-plane.			
4	State space analysis: State Space Repre	sentation of discrete time systems,	06	
	Pulse Transfer Function Matrix solving d			
	transition matrix and its Properties, M	•		
	Transition Matrix, Discretization of contin	• •		
5	Controllability and observability: (	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	04	
	Observability, Tests for controllability and	nd Observability. Duality between		

Controllability and Observability, Controllability and Observability

Mapping between the S-Plane and the Z-Plane -

05

conditions for Pulse Transfer Function.

Stability analysis:

6.

	Primary strips and Complementary Strips Constant frequency loci, Constant		
	damping ratio loci, Stability Analysis of closed loop systems in the Z-Plane.		
	Jury stability test – Stability Analysis by use of the Bilinear Transformation		
	and Routh Stability criterion.		
7.	Design of discrete time control system by conventional methods:	06	
	Transient and steady-State response Analysis Design based on the frequency		
	response method Bilinear Transformation and Design procedure in the w-		
	plane, Lead, Lag and Lead-Lag compensators and digital PID controllers.		
8.	State feedback controllers and observers: Design of state 05 feedback	06	
	controller through pole placement - Necessary and sufficient conditions,		
	Ackerman's formula. State Observers - Full order and Reduced order		
	observers.		

### **Text books:**

- 1. Digital Control and State Variable Methods, M. Gopal, TMH Publishers
- 2. Discrete-time Control Systems, K. Ogata, Pearson Education
- 3. Digital Control Systems, B.C. Kuo, Wiley Publications.
- 4. Control System Engineering, I.J. Nagrath, M. Gopal, New age International.

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. Digital control of dynamic systems, Gene F. Franklin, J. David Powell, and Michael Workman 3rd ed, 1998, Addison-Wesley.
- 2. Digital Control Systems, design, identification and implementation, Landau, Ioan Doré, Zito, Gianluca, Springer-Verlag London.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain the principle of sampling and reconstruction of analog signal.
- 2. perform Z-transformation and inverse Z-transformation of systems.
- 3. analyse and design digital control systems.
- 4. design compensators for digital control system to achieve desired specifications.
- 5. represent digital control systems using state space models.
- 6. analyze the effect sampling on stability, controllability and observability.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name	e of the course	ELECTRICAL AND HYBRID TRANSPORTATION	
Cour	se Code: PE- ECS 501C	Semester: 5th	
Dura	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100	
Teac	hing Scheme	<b>Examination Scheme</b>	
Theo	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks	
Tutor	rial: 0 hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks	
Pract	ical: 0 hrs/week	Attendance: 05 Marks	
Credi	it Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks	
Ohio	ativo.		
Obje	ective:		
1.	To understand the basic difference	e between conventional and Hybrid vehicles.	
2.	To understand different configura	tion and control of Electric drives.	
3.	To understand energy storage syst	tem in Hybrid vehicles.	
4.	To understand different energy ma	anagement strategies of Hybrid vehicles.	
5.	5. To solve numerical problems on the topics studied		
Pre-l	Requisite:		
1	Electric Machines (PC-FCS 401)		

1. | Electric Machines (PC-ECS 401)

Unit	Content	Hrs	Marks
1	Introduction: Conventional Vehicles: Basics of vehicle performance, vehicle power source characterization, transmission characteristics, mathematical models to describe vehicle performance.  Introduction to Hybrid Electric Vehicles: History of hybrid and electric vehicles, social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies.  Hybrid Electric Drive-trains: Basic concept of hybrid traction, introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies, power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.	09	
2	Electric Trains: Electric Drive-trains: Basic concept of electric traction, introduction to various electric drivetrain topologies, power flow control in electric drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.  Electric Propulsion unit: Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric vehicles, Configuration and control of DC Motor drives, Configuration and control of Induction Motor drives, configuration and control of Permanent Magnet Motor drives, Configuration and control of Switch Reluctance Motor drives, drive system efficiency.	10	
3	Energy Storage: Energy Storage: Introduction to Energy Storage Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based energy storage and its analysis, Fuel Cell based energy storage and its analysis, Super Capacitor based energy storage and its analysis, Flywheel based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices. Sizing the drive system: Matching the electric machine and the internal	09	

	combustion engine (ICE), Sizing the propulsion motor, sizing the power		
	electronics, selecting the energy storage technology, Communications,		
	supporting subsystems		
4	Energy Management Strategies: Energy Management Strategies:	06	
	Introduction to energy management strategies used in hybrid and electric		
	vehicles, classification of different energy management strategies,		
	comparison of different energy management strategies, implementation		
	issues of energy management strategies.		
5	Case Studies: Design of a Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV), Design of a	05	
	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV).		
6.	<b>Drone:</b> Introduction to Drones, History and Evolution of Drones, Early	03	
	developments, Modern advancements, Types of Drones, Fixed-wing,		
	Rotary-wing (Multicopters), Hybrid, Applications of Drones: Agriculture,		
	Surveillance and Security, Mapping and Surveying, Photography and		
	Videography, Industrial Inspections		

#### **Text books:**

- 1. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, Iqbal Hussein, CRC Press.
- 2. Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Principles and Applications with Practical Perspectives, C. Mi, M. A. Masrur and D. W. Gao, John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies, Onori Simona, Serrao Lorenzo and Rizzoni Giorgio, Springer.
- 4. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, T. Denton, Routledge.

#### Reference books:

- 1. Electric Vehicle Technology Explained, James Larminie, John Lowry, Wiley.
- 2. Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, Mehrdad Ehsani, YimiGao, Sebastian E. Gay, Ali Emadi CRC Press, 2004.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain the principle of Electric traction.
- 2. choose a suitable drive scheme for developing an electric hybrid vehicle depending on resources.
- 3. design and develop basic schemes of electric vehicles and hybrid electric vehicles.
- 4. choose proper energy storage systems for vehicle applications
- 5. implement different energy management strategies for hybrid vehicle.

#### **Special Remarks:**

Name		TATISTICS AND FOUNDATION	ONS O	F
		ATA SCIENCE		
Cours		emester: 5 <sup>th</sup>		
Durat	tion: 6 months M	aximum Marks: 100		
Teacl	hing Scheme Ex	xamination Scheme		
	8	id Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
		ssignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
		tendance: 05 Marks		
		nd Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Cicui	t I omts. 5	Id Schiester Exam. 70 Warks		
Obje	ctive:			
1.	To understand the foundational concepts	in data science, linear algebra,	and st	tatistical
	inference.			
2.	To gain knowledge of data preprocessing an	d exploration techniques.		
3.	To apply basic machine learning algorithms	<u> </u>		
4.	To develop effective skills in feature set		for rea	al-world
	datasets			
Pre-F	Requisite:			
1.	Mathematics – II (BS-M202)			
2.	Programming for Problem Solving (ES-CS2	201)		
3.	Data Structures & Algorithms (PC-ECS 302	2.)		
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
	Introduction: Data Science. Big Data and	Data Sajanaa Datafiaatian		Marks
1.	Current landscape of perspectives – Skill se		9	
	to represent relations between data, an			
	operations on matrices -Approximately			
	decompositions (SVD and PCA); Stat	, ,		
	distributions and probability - Statistica	al Inference: Populations and		
	samples – Statistical modeling – probability	y distributions – fitting a model		
	- Hypothesis Testing .			
2.	Data preprocessing: Data cleaning – data		8	
	Data Transformation and Data Discretization			
	methods – Confusion matrix, Students T-tes			
	Data Analysis – Basic tools (plots, graphs a	·		
	Philosophy of EDA – The Data Science Pro	cess.		
3.	Philosophy of EDA – The Data Science Pro Basic Machine Learning Algorithms: Asso	cess.	10	
3.	Philosophy of EDA – The Data Science Pro Basic Machine Learning Algorithms: Asso Regression- Logistic Regression – Classifi	cess.  ociation Rule mining – Linear iers – k-Nearest Neighbors (k-	10	
3.	Philosophy of EDA – The Data Science Pro Basic Machine Learning Algorithms: Asso	cess.  ociation Rule mining – Linear iers – k-Nearest Neighbors (k- Bayes- Ensemble Methods –	10	

Random Forest. Feature Generation and Feature Selection - Feature

	Selection algorithms – Filters; Wrappers; Decision Trees; Random Forests.		
4.	Clustering: Choosing distance metrics – Different clustering approaches –	7	
	hierarchical agglomerative clustering, k-means (Lloyd's algorithm), -		
	DBSCAN - Relative merits of each method - clustering tendency and		
	quality.		
5.	Data Visualization: Basic principles, ideas and tools for data visualization.	6	

#### **Text books:**

- 1. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, "Doing Data Science, Straight Talk From The Frontline", O'Reilly, 2014.
- 2. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, "Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques", Third Edition. ISBN 0123814790, 2011.
- 3. Mohammed J. Zaki and Wagner Miera Jr, "Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms", Cambridge University Press, 2014.

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. Matt Harrison, "Learning the Pandas Library: Python Tools for Data Munging, Analysis, and Visualization, O'Reilly, 2016.
- 2. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch: First Principles with Python", O'Reilly Media, 2015.
- 3. Wes McKinney, "Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with Pandas, NumPy, and IPython", O'Reilly Media, 2012.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Understand key statistical and algebraic foundations of data science.
- 2. Perform data cleaning, preprocessing, and exploratory data analysis effectively.
- 3. Apply and evaluate basic machine learning and clustering algorithms.
- 4. Select relevant features and visualize data for insightful interpretation and decision-making.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name	e of the course VI	LSI & MICROELECTRONIC	S	
Cour	rse Code: OE-ECS 501B Sec	emester: 5 <sup>th</sup>		
Dura	tion: 6 months Ma	aximum Marks: 100		
Tr.				
	8	xamination Scheme		
		id Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
		ssignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
		tendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	it Points: 3 En	nd Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Obje	ective:			
1.	Understand semiconductor fundamentals and M	IOSFET operation.		
2.	Learn about digital and analog VLSI design met	thodologies.		
3.	Gain knowledge of CMOS technology, fabricati	ion, and layout design.		
4.	Develop skills in VLSI testing and verification.			
5.	Explore applications of microelectronics in mod	lern devices.		
	re-Requisite:			
Pre-I	Requisite:			
Pre-I	Requisite:  Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)			
1.	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)			
1. Unit	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)  Content		Hrs	Mark
1.	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)  Content Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI		Hrs 3	Mark
1. Unit	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)  Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tree	ends, Applications of VLSI in		Marks
1. Unit	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)  Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F	ends, Applications of VLSI in		Marks
1. <b>Unit</b> 1.	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)  Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI	ends, Applications of VLSI in Front-end vs. Back-end Design,	3	Marks
1. Unit	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)  Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S	ends, Applications of VLSI in Front-end vs. Back-end Design, Semiconductor Basics: Doping,		Marks
1. <b>Unit</b> 1.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M	ends, Applications of VLSI in Front-end vs. Back-end Design, Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and	3	Marks
1. <b>Unit</b> 1.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M Characteristics, MOSFET Structure and	ends, Applications of VLSI in Front-end vs. Back-end Design, Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and Operation, Threshold Voltage,	3	Mark
1. <b>Unit</b> 1.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M	ends, Applications of VLSI in Front-end vs. Back-end Design, Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and Operation, Threshold Voltage,	3	Marks
1.  Unit  1.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M Characteristics, MOSFET Structure and Channel Formation, Subthreshold Condu	Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and Operation, Threshold Voltage, action, Short-Channel Effects,	3	Mark
1. Unit 1. 2.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M Characteristics, MOSFET Structure and Channel Formation, Subthreshold Condu Scaling of MOSFETs	ends, Applications of VLSI in Front-end vs. Back-end Design, Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and Operation, Threshold Voltage, action, Short-Channel Effects, MOS Logic: Inverter, NAND,	6	Mark
1. Unit 1.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M Characteristics, MOSFET Structure and Channel Formation, Subthreshold Condu Scaling of MOSFETs  CMOS Technology & Fabrication: CM	Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and Operation, Threshold Voltage, action, Short-Channel Effects, MOS Logic: Inverter, NAND, Fabrication Process: Oxidation,	6	Mark
1. Unit 1. 2.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M Characteristics, MOSFET Structure and Channel Formation, Subthreshold Condu Scaling of MOSFETs  CMOS Technology & Fabrication: CM NOR, XOR, Transmission Gates, CMOS F	Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and Operation, Threshold Voltage, action, Short-Channel Effects, MOS Logic: Inverter, NAND, Fabrication Process: Oxidation, rocess Integration: Twin-Well,	6	Mark
1. Unit 1. 2.	Content  Introduction to Microelectronics & VLSI and VLSI, Moore's Law and Scaling Tre Modern Electronics, VLSI Design Flow: F Types of ICs: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI Semiconductor Physics & MOSFETs: S Carrier Concentration, PN Junctions, M Characteristics, MOSFET Structure and Channel Formation, Subthreshold Condu Scaling of MOSFETs  CMOS Technology & Fabrication: CM NOR, XOR, Transmission Gates, CMOS F Lithography, Doping, Etching, CMOS Pr	Semiconductor Basics: Doping, IOS Capacitor: Structure and Operation, Threshold Voltage, action, Short-Channel Effects, MOS Logic: Inverter, NAND, Fabrication Process: Oxidation, rocess Integration: Twin-Well, bda-Based Design, Design for	6	Mark

CMOS, Static & Dynamic Power Dissipation in CMOS Circuits, Design of Flip-Flops, Latches, Registers, Counters, Clocking Strategies: Skew, Jitter, Clock Distribution Networks, Power Optimization Techniques: Clock

	Gating, Multi-Vt Design		
5.	Analog & Mixed-Signal VLSI Design: Introduction to Analog CMOS	7	
	Design, Design of Current Mirrors, Differential Amplifiers, Operational		
	Amplifiers: Two-Stage, Cascode, Folded Cascode, Data Converters: ADC,		
	DAC Architectures, Phase-Locked Loops (PLL) and Frequency		
	Synthesizers		
6.	VLSI Testing & Verification: Fault Modeling: Stuck-at, Bridging, Delay	6	
	Faults, Design for Testability (DFT): Scan Chains, BIST, ATPG		
	(Automatic Test Pattern Generation), Logic Simulation, Timing Analysis,		
	VLSI CAD Tools: SPICE, Cadence, Synopsys, Mentor Graphics		
7.	Emerging Trends in VLSI & Microelectronics: Low-Power VLSI &	4	
	Beyond CMOS Technologies, 3D ICs & System-on-Chip (SoC) Design,		
	MEMS & Nanoelectronics Applications, AI & ML in VLSI Design		
	Automation, Quantum Computing & Cryogenic Electronics		

#### **Text books:**

- 1. "CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective" Neil Weste & David Harris
- 2. "Microelectronic Circuits" Adel Sedra & Kenneth Smith
- 3. "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective" Jan M. Rabaey
- 4. SPICE Simulation Guide (Cadence, Synopsys)
- 5. FPGA & Verilog Documentation (Xilinx, Intel)

### Reference books:

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Understand the evolution and design process of VLSI systems.
- 2. Apply CMOS technology to design digital and analog circuits.
- 3. Perform testing and verification of VLSI circuits using industry-standard tools.
- 4. Analyze and explore emerging trends and applications in VLSI and microelectronics.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name	e of the course MI	ECHATRONICS		
Cours	se Code: OE-ECS 501C Ser	mester: 5 <sup>th</sup>		
Durat	tion: 6 months Ma	ximum Marks: 100		
Teacl	hing Scheme Exa	amination Scheme		
Theo	ry: 3 hrs/week Mio	d Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
Tutor	rial: Nil Ass	signment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
Practi	ical: 2 hrs/week Att	endance: 05 Marks		
Credi	it Points: 3 End	d Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
01.				
	ctive:			
1.	To provide foundational knowledge of elect mechatronic systems.	trical circuits and signal conditi	ioning	used in
2.	To introduce control system and power systems.	electronics relevant to designi	ing in	telligent
3.	To enable understanding of integration be	tween mechanical electronic	and c	omnuter
٦.	control systems.	tween meenamean, electrome,	and c	omputer
4.	To develop the ability to analyze and design	hasic mechatronic annlications		
Pre-Requisite:				
1.	Control Systems (PC-ECS 502)			
2.	Electric Machines (PC-ECS 401)			
3.	Analog & Digital Electronics (ES-ECS 301)			
Unit			Hrs	Marks
1.	Introduction to Mechatronics: Definition, manufacturing, Comparison between Tapproach; Concurrent engineering	•	3	
2.	Review of fundamentals of electronics: Log	gic gates and their operations,	6	
	Signal processing devices, Data conversion	on devices, Input and output		
	devices. Sensors and Transducers, Actuators,	Limit switches, Relays		
3.	Control Systems: Open loop and closed l transfer functions, Laplace transforms.	oop control, block diagrams,	3	
4.	Electrical Drives: Stepper motors, servo driv	es.	2	
5.	Mechanical Drives: Different mechanisms,		3	
	bearings, Transfer systems.			I
6.	Pneumatic and Hydraulic Drives: Elements	s of pneumatic and hydraulic	4	
6.		of pneumatic and hydraulic	4	

Basics of 8085 microprocessor, programmable register architecture, buses,

memory mapping, clock pulse and data transfer operations, and simple

5

7.

	assembly and mnemonic programming on 8085 microprocessor.		
8.	Use of On-Off, PI and PID controllers to control different drives,	4	
	Programming in PLC controller using Ladder diagram.		
9.	Mathematical modeling of physical systems, such as spring-mass vibration	2	
	system, linear and rotory motion and its Laplace Transform.		
10.	Basics of time domain analysis, Introduction to discrete-time systems and	2	
	Z-transform.		
11.	Introduction to Mechatronic systems, such as automatic brake, door	2	
	closing and opening, robot, CNC machine, AGV, etc.		

#### **Text books:**

- 1. W. Bolton, Mechatronics, 5th Edition, Addison Wesley Longman Ltd., 2010.
- 2. D. Shetty and R. Kolk, Mechatronics System Design, 3rd Edition, PWS Publishing, 2009.
- 3. D.G. Alciatore & M.B. Histand, Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2006.
- 4. A. Smaili and F. Arnold, Applied Mechatronics, Oxford University Press, Indian Edition, 2007.
- 5. M.D. Singh and J.G. Joshi, Mechatronics, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 6. K.K. Appu Kuttan, Introduction to Mechatronics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.
- 7. HMT Ltd., Mechatronics, McGraw Hill Publication, 2017.
- 8. F.H. Raven, Automatic Control Engineering, McGraw Hill India, 2013.
- 9. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall, 2010.
- 10. B.C. Kuo, Automatic Control Systems, Prentice Hall, 1975.
- 11. A. Ambikapthy, Control Systems, Khanna Publishing House, 2015.

#### Reference books:

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Model and analyze mechatronic systems for an engineering application
- 2. Identify sensors, transducers and actuators to monitor and control the behavior of process or product.
- 3. Develop PLC programs for an engineering application.
- 4. Evaluate the performance of mechatronic systems.
- 5. solve numerical problems on LTI system modelling, responses, error dynamics and stability.

### **Special Remarks:**

<sub> </sub> iname	e of the course	UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES	5			
Cours	Course Code: OE-ECS 502A Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>					
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100				
- T						
	ning Scheme	Examination Scheme				
	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks					
	Tutorial: Nil Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks					
	Practical: Nil Attendance: 05 Marks					
Credi	Credit Points: 3 End Semester Exam: 70 Marks					
Obje	Objective:					
1.	To help students understand the need, ba	asic guidelines, content, and process	of valu	ie		
	education.					
2.	To enable students to understand harmon	ny at all levels of human existence ar	nd the			
	implications of living in harmony.					
3.	To facilitate the development of a holist	ic perspective towards life and profes	ssion.			
4.	To inspire students to become responsib	le citizens with ethical and humanist	ic valu	ies.		
Pre-F	Pre-Requisite:					
1.	1. Environmental Science (MC-ECS101)					
2.	Constitution of India (MC-ECS201)					
Unit	Conte	nt	Hrs	Marks		
Unit 1.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig	ht Understanding; Relationship and	Hrs 10	Marks		
	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the		Marks		
	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuo	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the ous Happiness and Prosperity -the		Marks		
	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuo Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the ous Happiness and Prosperity -the		Marks		
1.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuo Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic	10	Marks		
	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuo Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations. Harmony in the Human Being: Under	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Co-		Marks		
1.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuo Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations. Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, distin	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the	10	Marks		
1.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuous Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations. Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, disting Self and the Body, The Body as an Institute of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Institute of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Institute of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Institute of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Institute of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Institute of the Self and the B	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding	10	Marks		
1.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuo Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations. Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, distin	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding	10	Marks		
1.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuous Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, disting Self and the Body, The Body as an Installarmony in the Self, Harmony of the	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to	10	Marks		
2.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continue Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, disting Self and the Body, The Body as an Installarmony in the Self, Harmony of the ensure self-regulation and Health.	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to	10	Marks		
2.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuous Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, disting Self and the Body, The Body as an Instermony in the Self, Harmony of the ensure self-regulation and Health.  Harmony in the Family and Society	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to ty and Nature: Harmony in the eraction; 'Trust' – the Foundational	10	Marks		
2.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continuous Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, disting Self and the Body, The Body as an Installarmony in the Self, Harmony of the ensure self-regulation and Health.  Harmony in the Family and Society Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interpretation.	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to ty and Nature: Harmony in the eraction; 'Trust' – the Foundational eraction: Other Feelings,	10	Marks		
2.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continue Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, disting Self and the Body, The Body as an Instead Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the ensure self-regulation and Health.  Harmony in the Family and Society Family – the Basic Unit of Human Intervalue in Relationship; 'Respect' – as the	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to ty and Nature: Harmony in the eraction; 'Trust' – the Foundational er Right Evaluation: Other Feelings, hip; Understanding Harmony in the	10	Marks		
2.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continue Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, distince Self and the Body, The Body as an Instead Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the ensure self-regulation and Health.  Harmony in the Family and Society Family – the Basic Unit of Human Intervalue in Relationship; 'Respect' – as the Justice in Human-to-Human Relationships	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to ty and Nature: Harmony in the eraction; 'Trust' – the Foundational er Right Evaluation: Other Feelings, hip; Understanding Harmony in the an Order; Understanding Harmony	10	Marks		
2.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continue Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, distint Self and the Body, The Body as an Installar Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the ensure self-regulation and Health.  Harmony in the Family and Society Family – the Basic Unit of Human Intervalue in Relationship; 'Respect' – as the Justice in Human-to-Human Relationships	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to ty and Nature: Harmony in the eraction; 'Trust' – the Foundational er Right Evaluation: Other Feelings, hip; Understanding Harmony in the an Order; Understanding Harmony	10	Marks		
2.	Introduction to Value Education: Rig Physical Facility; Understanding Value Process for Value Education, Continue Basic Human Aspiration-Current Scena Human Aspirations.  Harmony in the Human Being: Under existence of the Self and the Body, distint Self and the Body, The Body as an Instead Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the ensure self-regulation and Health.  Harmony in the Family and Society Family – the Basic Unit of Human Intervalue in Relationship; 'Respect' – as the Justice in Human-to-Human Relationships Society; Vision for the Universal Human in the Nature; Interconnectedness, self-	ht Understanding; Relationship and Education; Self-exploration as the bus Happiness and Prosperity -the rio and Method to Fulfill the Basic erstanding Human being as the Conguishing between the Needs of the trument of the Self, Understanding Self with the Body, Programme to ty and Nature: Harmony in the eraction; 'Trust' – the Foundational er Right Evaluation: Other Feelings, hip; Understanding Harmony in the an Order; Understanding Harmony Eregulation and Mutual Fulfilment	10	Marks		

Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order;	
Competence in Professional Ethics; Holistic Technologies, Production	
Systems and Management Models; Strategies for Transition towards	
Value-based Life and Profession	

#### Text books:

- 1. A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria,2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
- 2. Teachers' Manual for *A Foundation Coursein Human Valuesand Professional Ethics*, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2
- 3. Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
- 4. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Explore holistic vision of life themselves and their surroundings.
- 2. Develop competence and capabilities for maintaining Health and Hygiene.
- 3. Analyse various problems in life, family, Society and in handling problems with Sustainable Solutions.
- 4. Apply values to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life and in handling problems with sustainable solutions.
- 5. Adopt the value of appreciation and aspiration for excellence and gratitude for all.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name	e of the course	SOFT SKILL & INTERPERSONAL COMMU	NICA	TION
Cours	se Code: OE-ECS 502B	Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>		
Durat	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teacl	hing Scheme	<b>Examination Scheme</b>		
Theo	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
Tutor	ial: Nil	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
Practi	ical: Nil	Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Obje	ctive:			
1.	_	al and non-verbal communication skills to effective	ly con	vey and
	interpret messages.			
2.	To enhance students' written communication, especially in professional setting			
3.	To expose students to literary texts that enrich vocabulary and emotional intel			ce.
4.	To improve grammar usage and language application through contextual learn		ning.	
	Requisite:			
1.	English (HM-HU201)			
2.	Language Laboratory (HI	M 111 12011		
	Lunguage Lucerucery (III	M-HU291)		
<b>T</b> T •4	Language Lacotatory (III	,	**	3.5
Unit		Content	Hrs	Marks
Unit	Communication Skil	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of	Hrs 3	Marks
	Communication Skil Communication Proce	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of		Marks
	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of		Marks
	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of		Marks
1.	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication	3	Marks
1.	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writi	Content  I Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal	3	Marks
1.	Communication Skill Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writi Agenda & minutes of	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal ing Reports Organizational Communication:	3	Marks
1.	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writi Agenda & minutes of Proposal Technical Re	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal ing Reports Organizational Communication: f a meeting, notice, memo, circular Project	3	Marks
1.	Communication Skill Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writi Agenda & minutes of Proposal Technical Re E-mail etiquette Tips	Content  I Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal ing Reports Organizational Communication: a meeting, notice, memo, circular Project eport Writing Organizing e-mail messages	3	Marks
2.	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writi Agenda & minutes of Proposal Technical Re E-mail etiquette Tips Language through Liv	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal ing Reports Organizational Communication: a meeting, notice, memo, circular Project port Writing Organizing e-mail messages for e-mail effectiveness	8	Marks
2.	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writi Agenda & minutes of Proposal Technical Re E-mail etiquette Tips Language through Lir expression Introduction	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal ing Reports Organizational Communication: a meeting, notice, memo, circular Project port Writing Organizing e-mail messages for e-mail effectiveness terature Modes of literary & non-literary	8	Marks
2.	Communication Skil Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writi Agenda & minutes of Proposal Technical Re E-mail etiquette Tips Language through Lir expression Introductio Narayan and Monkey'	Content  1 Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal ing Reports Organizational Communication: a meeting, notice, memo, circular Project port Writing Organizing e-mail messages for e-mail effectiveness terature Modes of literary & non-literary in to Fiction, (An Astrologer's Day by R.K.	8	Marks
2.	Communication Skill Communication Proce Communication Types Communication Barrie Business Communicat Business Letters Writin Agenda & minutes of Proposal Technical Re E-mail etiquette Tips Language through Lir expression Introductio Narayan and Monkey' Executioners by Ferr	Content  I Definition, nature & attributes of ss of Communication Models or Theories of of Communication Levels or Channels of rs to Communication  ion- Scope & Importance Writing Formal ing Reports Organizational Communication:  a meeting, notice, memo, circular Project port Writing Organizing e-mail messages for e-mail effectiveness  terature Modes of literary & non-literary on to Fiction, (An Astrologer's Day by R.K. is Paw by W.W. Jacobs), Drama (The Two	8	Mark

Palanquin Bearers by Sarojini Naidu)

4.

texts.

Grammar in usage (nouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, tense,

prepositions, voice change) - to be dealt with the help of the given

10

#### **Text books:**

- 1. Mattelart, A., & Mattelart, M. (n.d.). Theories of communication: A short introduction. Sage Publications Ltd.
- 2. Chan, J. F., & Lutovich, D. (1997). Professional writing skills. San Anselmo, CA: Advanced Communication Designs.
- 3. Kumar, K. (n.d.). Effective business communications. Khanna Publishing House.
- 4. Bailey, E. P. (n.d.). Writing and speaking at work: A practical guide for business communication. Prentice-Hall.
- 5. Chaney, L., & Martin, J. (n.d.). Intercultural business communication. Prentice Hall.

### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Analyse the dynamics of business communication and communicate accordingly.
- 2. Write business letters and reports
- 3. Learn to articulate opinions and views with clarity
- 4. Appreciate the use of language to create beautiful expressions
- 5. Analyse and appreciate literature.
- 6. Communicate in an official and formal environment.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name	e of the course	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIO	R	
Cours	se Code: OE-ECS 502C	Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>		
Durat	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teacl	hing Scheme	<b>Examination Scheme</b>		
	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
	rial: Nil	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
Pract	ical: Nil	Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Obje	ctive:			
1.	To introduce students to the fundamental	ls of human behavior in organization	ns.	
2.	To develop insights into how personal effectiveness.			izational
3.	To explore leadership, motivation, percentages.	eption, and communication within	organi	izational
4.	To examine organizational structure, con	nflict, and political behavior impact	ting in	dividual
	and group performance.			
	Pre-Requisite:			
Pre-I	0 11			
Pre-I	0 11			
	Requisite:	A)		
1.	Requisite:  Economics for Engineers (HM 301)	A)		
1.	Requisite:  Economics for Engineers (HM 301)	,	Hrs	Marks
1. 2.	Requisite:  Economics for Engineers (HM 301) Universal Human Values (OE-ECS 502 A  Content Organizational Behaviour: Definition, In Fundamental Concepts of OB, Challenges a and Attitudes: Meaning of personality, Personal	mportance, Historical Background, and Opportunities for OB. Personality Lity Determinants and Traits, Development	Hrs 4	Marks
1. 2. <b>Unit</b>	Requisite:  Economics for Engineers (HM 301) Universal Human Values (OE-ECS 502 A  Content Organizational Behaviour: Definition, In Fundamental Concepts of OB, Challenges a	mportance, Historical Background, and Opportunities for OB. Personality Lity Determinants and Traits, Development etion.  ance, Factors influencing Perception, on and Decision Making. 4. Motivation: slow's Hierarchy of Needs Theory, otivation-Hygiene Theory, Alderfer's		Marks
1. 2. <b>Unit</b> 1.	Requisite:  Economics for Engineers (HM 301) Universal Human Values (OE-ECS 502 A  Content Organizational Behaviour: Definition, In Fundamental Concepts of OB, Challenges a and Attitudes: Meaning of personality, Personal of Personality, Types of Attitudes, Job Satisfac Perception: Definition, Nature and Importate Perceptual Selectivity, Link between Perception Definition, Theories of Motivation - Man McGregor's Theory X & Y, Herzberg's Meaning Selectivity (Selectivity) (Sel	mportance, Historical Background, and Opportunities for OB. Personality lity Determinants and Traits, Development etion.  ance, Factors influencing Perception, on and Decision Making. 4. Motivation: slow's Hierarchy of Needs Theory, otivation-Hygiene Theory, Alderfer's s, Vroom's Expectancy Theory.  Types of Groups, Stages of Group Communication: Communication s to Effective Communication.	4	Marks
1. 2. Unit 1. 2.	Requisite:  Economics for Engineers (HM 301) Universal Human Values (OE-ECS 502 A  Content Organizational Behaviour: Definition, In Fundamental Concepts of OB, Challenges a and Attitudes: Meaning of personality, Personal of Personality, Types of Attitudes, Job Satisfact Perception: Definition, Nature and Importate Perceptual Selectivity, Link between Perception Definition, Theories of Motivation - Mass McGregor's Theory X & Y, Herzberg's Mc ERG Theory, McClelland's Theory of Needs Group Behaviour: Characteristics of Group, T Development, Group Decision Making. Process, Direction of Communication, Barriers	mportance, Historical Background, and Opportunities for OB. Personality lity Determinants and Traits, Development etion.  ance, Factors influencing Perception, on and Decision Making. 4. Motivation: slow's Hierarchy of Needs Theory, otivation-Hygiene Theory, Alderfer's s, Vroom's Expectancy Theory.  Types of Groups, Stages of Group Communication: Communication s to Effective Communication.  If Leadership Styles.	8	Marks

Bargaining Strategies, Negotiation Process. Organizational Design:

	Various Organizational Structures and their Effects on Human Behaviour,	
	Concepts of Organizational Climate and Organizational Culture.	

#### **Text books:**

- 1. Robbins, S. P. & Judge, T.A.: Organizational Behavior, Pearson Education, 15th Edn.
- 2. Luthans, Fred: Organizational Behavior, McGraw Hill, 12th Edn.
- 3. Shukla, Madhukar: Understanding Organizations Organizational Theory & Practice in India, PHI
- 4. Fincham, R. & Rhodes, P.: Principles of Organizational Behaviour, OUP, 4th Edn.
- 5. Hersey, P., Blanchard, K.H., Johnson, D.E.- Management of Organizational Behavior Leading Human Resources, PHI, 10th Edn.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Understand the impact of individual and group behavior on organizational performance.
- 2. Apply motivation and leadership theories in managing human resources.
- 3. Analyze group dynamics and communication strategies in workplace scenarios.
- 4. Evaluate and manage organizational conflict, culture, and political behavior.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name of the course		OPERATING SYSTEM LABORATORY
Course Code: PC-ECS 591		Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100
Teaching Scheme		<b>Examination Scheme</b>
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60
Pract	ical: 2 hrs/week	
Cred	it Points: 1	
	Labora	tory Experiments:
1	Managing Unix/Linux Operating System [8P]: Creating a bash shell script, making a screexecutable, shell syntax (variables, conditions, control structures, functions, command Partitions, Swap space, Device files, Raw and Block files, Formatting disks, Making to systems, Superblock, I-nodes, File system checker, Mounting file systems, Logical Control of the Systems	
	Volumes, Network File systems, Backup schedules and methods Kernel loading, in it and	
	the in ittab file, Run-levels, Run level scripts. Password file management, Password	
	security, Shadow file, Groups and the group file, Shells, restricted shells, user-management	
	commands, homes and permissions, default files, profiles, locking accounts, setting	
	passwords, Switching user, Switching group, Removing users &user groups.	
2	Process [4P]: starting new process, replacing a process image, duplicating a process image	
	waiting for a process, zombie process	
3	Signal [4P]: signal handling, sending signals, signal interface, signal sets	
4	Semaphore [6P]: programming with semaphores (use functions semctl, semget, semop,	
	set_semvalue, del_semvalue, semaphore	_p, semaphore_v).
5.	POSIX Threads [6P]: programming	with pthread functions (viz. pthread_create,
	pthread_join, pthread_exit, pthread_attr_	init, pthread_cancel)
6.	Inter-process communication [6P]:	pipes(use functions pipe, popen, pclose),
	namedpipes(FIFOs, accessing FIFO), me	essage passing & shared memory(IPC version V).

### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Gain hands-on experience in managing Unix/Linux operating systems through scripting, file systems, and user management tasks.
- 2. Understand process management, including creation, duplication, and management of processes in a Unix/Linux environment.
- 3. Learn signal handling, process synchronization, and communication mechanisms within an operating system.
- 4. Develop proficiency in inter-process communication techniques using semaphores, pipes, message passing, and shared memory.

5. Apply POSIX thread programming to design and manage concurrent execution of tasks in an operating system.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name of the course		Power System Laboratory
Course Code: PC-ECS 592		Semester: 5th
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60
Practical: 2 hrs/week		
Credit Points: 1		
	Laboratory Experiments:	
1	Determination of the generalized constants A.B,C,D of long transmission line and	
1	regulation of a 3-Φ transmission line model	
2	Study of distribution system by network analyzer.	
3	Measurement of earth resistance by earth tester.	
4	Determination of dielectric strength of insulating oil.	
5	Determination of breakdown strength of solid insulating material	
6	Determination of parameter of 3-Φtransmission line model by power circle diagram	
7	Study of different types of insulator.	
8	Study of active and reactive power control of alternator.	
9	Studyandanalysisofanelectricaltransmissionlinecircuitwiththehelpofsoftware	
10	Determination of dielectric constant, tan delta, resistivity of transformer oil.	

### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. identify appropriate equipment and instruments for the experiment.
- 2. test the instrument for application to the experiment.
- 3. construct circuits with appropriate instruments and safety precautions.
- 4. validate different characteristics of transmission line.
- 5. determine earth resistance, dielectric strength of insulating oil, breakdown strength of solid insulating material and dielectric constant of transformer oil.
- 6. analyze an electrical transmission line circuit with the help of software
- 7. work effectively in a team

### **Special Remarks:**

Name of the course		MICROCONTROLLER & IT'S
		APPLICATION LABORATORY
Course Code: PC-ECS 593		Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100
Teaching Scheme		<b>Examination Scheme</b>
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60
Practical: 2 hrs/week		
Cred	it Points: 1	
		ratory Experiments:
1	Interpret details of Hardware kit for programs.	Microcontroller and practice to write and execute
2		
	their use.	
3 Develop and execute Assembly language programs using Arithmetic Ir		inguage programs using Arithmetic Instructions
	and demonstrate outcome for a given input data.	
4	Develop and execute Assembly language programs using Logical Instructions and demonstrate outcome for a given input.	
5.	Develop and execute an Assembly language program for Addition of series of 8 bit nos,	
	16 bit result and demonstrate outcome for a given input data.	
6.	Develop and execute Assembly language program for addition/subtraction of 16 bit no/multibyte nos. and demonstrate outcome for a given input data.	
7.	Develop and execute Assembly language program for Block transfer from and to Internal/External memory using directives and demonstrate outcome for a given	
	input data.	
8.	Develop and execute Assembly language program Largest/smallest of given series of	
	no. from Internal/External memory and demonstrate outcome for a given input data.	
9.	Develop and execute Assembly language program arrange no in ascending/descending	
	order from Internal/External memory and demonstrate outcome for a given input data.	
10.	Develop and execute Assembly language program for LED blinking/LED sequences	
	using delay/timer mode.	
11.	Develop and execute Assembly language program to interface LED with microcontroller	
12.		age program to interface STEPPER MOTOR with
	microcontroller	

### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Interpret the salient features of various types of microcontrollers.
- 2. Interpret the salient features of architype of types microcontrollers IC 8051.

- 3. Maintain the program features of the Microcontroller based application.
- 4. Develop assembly language program.
- 5. Develop programs to interface 8051 microcontrollers with LED/SWITCH/MOTOR.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name of the course		DATA SCIENCE LABORATORY	
Course Code: OE-ECS 591 A		Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>	
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100	
Teac	hing Scheme	Examination Scheme	
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60	
Pract	ical: 2 hrs/week		
Credi	it Points: 1		
	Laborat	ory Experiments:	
1	Introduction to Data Science Concept of	f Data Science, Traits of Big data, Web Scraping,	
	Analysis vs Reporting		
2	Introduction to Programming Tools for Data Science 2.1 Toolkits using Python: Matplotlib,		
	NumPy, Scikit-learn, NLTK 2.2 Visualizing Data: Bar Charts, Line Charts, Scatterplots 2.3		
	Working with data: Reading Files, Scraping the Web, Using APIs (Example: Using the		
	Twitter APIs), Cleaning and Munging, Manipulating Data, Rescaling, Dimensionality		
	Reduction		
3	Mathematical Foundations 3.1 Linear Algebra: Vectors, Matrices, 3.2 Statistics: Describing a		
	Single Set of Data, Correlation, Simpson's Paradox, Correlation and Causation 3.3		
	Probability: Dependence and Independence, Conditional Probability, Bayes's Theorem,		
	Random Variables, Continuous Distribut	ions, The Normal Distribution, The Central Limit	
	Theorem 3.4 Hypothesis and Inference: Statistical Hypothesis Testing, Confidence Intervals		
	Phacking, Bayesian Inference		
4	Machine Learning Overview of Machine learning concepts - Over fitting and train/test		
	splits, Types of Machine learning - Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforced learning,		
	Introduction to Bayes Theorem, Linear Regression- model assumptions, regularization		
	(lasso, ridge, elastic net), Classification and Regression algorithms- Naïve Bayes, K-Nearest		
	Neighbors, logistic regression, support vector machines (SVM), decision trees, and random		
	forest, Classification Errors, Analysis of Time Series- Linear Systems Analysis, Nonlinear		
	Dynamics, Rule Induction, Neural Net	worksLearning And Generalization, Overview of	
	Deep Learning.		
5.	Case Studies of Data Science Applicati	on Weather forecasting, Stock market prediction,	
	Object recognition, Real Time Sentiment	Analysis.	

- 1. Write a programme in Python to predict the class of the flower based on available attributes.
- 2. Write a programme in Python to predict if a loan will get approved or not.
- 3. Write a programme in Python to predict the traffic on a new mode of transport.
- 4. Write a programme in Python to predict the class of user.
- 5. Write a programme in Python to indentify the tweets which are hate tweets and which are not.

- 6. Write a programme in Python to predict the age of the actors.
- 7. Mini project to predict the time taken to solve a problem given the current status of the user.

### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate understanding of data science concepts and techniques including web scraping, big data traits, and data analysis vs reporting.
- 2. Use programming tools like Python (Matplotlib, NumPy, Scikit-learn, NLTK) to process, analyze, and visualize data through various graphical representations.
- 3. Apply mathematical foundations such as linear algebra, statistics, and probability to analyze and infer data patterns and relationships.
- 4. Implement machine learning algorithms for classification, regression, and clustering, including methods like Naïve Bayes, K-Nearest Neighbors, and support vector machines.
- 5. Analyze time-series data and apply advanced techniques like Bayesian inference, regularization methods, and neural networks for deep learning.
- 6. Apply data science methods to real-world case studies, including weather forecasting, stock market prediction, object recognition, and sentiment analysis.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name	e of the course	VLSI & MICROELECTRONICS
Course Code: OE-ECS 591B		Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60
Pract	Practical: 2 hrs/week	
Credi	Credit Points: 1	
	Labor	ratory Experiments:
1	Semiconductor Device & MOSFET (	Characterization
	Measure I-V characteristics of I	NMOS and PMOS transistors.
	<ul> <li>Extract threshold voltage (Vt) a</li> </ul>	and transconductance (gm) of MOSFETs.
	Study the impact of channel length modulation and body effect on MOSFE	
	behavior.	
2	CMOS Logic Gate Design & Simulat	tion
	<ul> <li>Design and simulate CMOS inverter, NAND, NOR gates.</li> </ul>	
	Compare static and dynamic po	ower dissipation of CMOS logic gates.
	<ul> <li>Perform layout design &amp; DRC/LVS checks for CMOS logic gates.</li> </ul>	
3	Combinational & Sequential Circuit Design using Verilog	
	Implement 4-bit ALU using Verilog.	
	Design a 4-bit ripple carry adder & carry-lookahead adder.	
	_	lops (D, JK, T) and Shift Registers.
	FPGA-based implementation of 8-bit counter & traffic light controller.	
4	Layout Design & Simulation of Digital Circuits	
	, ,	er with different transistor sizes.
	Design and optimize SRAM me	•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	apacitance, resistance) on delay.
5.	Analog VLSI Circuit Design	
	Design & simulate Current Mir  Level and the Trans State of CMOS	-
	Implement a Two-Stage CMOS  Study from a reason and the second seco	1
	• Study frequency response & gain-bandwidth product (GBW) of amplifiers.	
6.	<ul> <li>VLSI Testing &amp; Fault Analysis</li> <li>Perform fault modeling (stuck-at, bridging, delay faults).</li> </ul>	
		-in Self-Test (BIST) techniques.
7	Generate Automatic Test Patterns (ATPG) for logic circuits.  Law Payor VI SI Paging 8 Optimization.	
7.	<ul> <li>Low-Power VLSI Design &amp; Optimization</li> <li>Implement clock gating in a sequential circuit to reduce power.</li> </ul>	
	Implement clock gating in a sec	quennal eneun to reduce power.

	Analyze power dissipation (static vs. dynamic) in CMOS circuits.	
	Perform Multi-Vt and Power-Gating techniques.	
8.	FPGA-Based Digital Design & Prototyping	
	Implement Vending Machine Controller using FSM in Verilog.	
	Design a Digital Temperature Sensor Interface using FPGA.	
	Build a UART Communication System on FPGA.	
9.	. Data Converters: ADC & DAC Implementation	
	Design & simulate Successive Approximation ADC.	
	Implement R-2R Ladder DAC circuit.	
	Study the impact of quantization error and resolution.	
10.	0. System-on-Chip (SoC) & 3D IC Design (Advanced)	
	Implement ARM-based SoC design with AXI Interconnect.	
	Study the impact of Through-Silicon Vias (TSVs) in 3D ICs.	

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Analyze the electrical characteristics of MOSFETs and understand the influence of device parameters such as threshold voltage and body effect.
- 2. Design and simulate CMOS logic gates, combinational, and sequential circuits using Verilog and perform layout verification (DRC/LVS).
- 3. Implement and verify digital circuits on FPGA platforms including ALUs, counters, and finite state machines (FSMs).
- 4. Design analog VLSI building blocks such as current mirrors and operational amplifiers, and evaluate their performance metrics.
- 5. Apply VLSI testing techniques including fault modeling, ATPG, scan chains, and BIST for reliable circuit validation.
- 6. Implement low-power design strategies and study advanced topics like ADC/DAC architecture, SoC integration, and 3D IC design.

### **Special Remarks:**

Name of the course		MECHATRONICS	
Course Code: OE-ECS 591C		Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup>	
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100	
<b>Teaching Scheme</b>		<b>Examination Scheme</b>	
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60	
Practical: 2 hrs/week			
Credit Points: 1			
	Laboratory Experiments:		
1	Introduction to Mechatronics		
2	Assembly language programming of 8085 - Addition - Subtraction - Multiplication -		
	Division – Sorting – Code Conversion		
3	Stepper motor interface		
4	Traffic light interface.		
5.	Speed control of DC motor.		
6.	Study of various types of transducers.		
7.	Study of hydraulic, pneumatic and electro-pneumatic circuits.		
8.	Modelling and analysis basic hydraulic, pneumatic and electrical circuits using software.		
9.	Study of PLC and its applications.		
10.	Study of image processing		

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Understand the fundamentals of mechatronic systems and their multidisciplinary nature.
- 2. Develop basic assembly language programs for 8085 microprocessor to perform arithmetic and logical operations.
- 3. Interface and control electromechanical actuators like stepper motors and DC motors.
- 4. Design and simulate basic automation systems such as traffic light controllers and motor speed regulators.
- 5. Analyze and implement fluid power systems using hydraulic, pneumatic, and electropneumatic circuits.
- 6. Explore programmable logic controllers (PLCs) and image processing techniques for industrial automation applications.

### **Special Remarks:**