Name	e of the course	ELECTRIC CIRCUIT THEORY
Course Code: PC-ECS 301		Semester: 3 rd
Dura	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100
Teac	hing Scheme	Examination Scheme
	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks
Tutor	rial: 1 hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks
Pract	ical: 2 hrs/week	Attendance: 05 Marks
Credi	it Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks
Obje	ective:	
1.	To understand the structure and propert	ties of different type of electrical circuits, networks and
	sources.	
2.	To apply different mathematical tools &	& techniques for analyzing electrical networks.
3.	To apply circuit analysis techniques to	simplify electrical networks.
4.	4. To solve problems of electrical circuits.	
Pre-l	Requisite:	
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-1	01)
2	Mathematics (RS_M_102_RS_M_202)	

2. Mathematics (BS-M-102, BS-M-202)

Unit	Content	Hrs	Marks
			14141 K2
1	Introduction: Continuous & Discrete, Fixed & Time varying, Linear and	3	
	Nonlinear, Lumped and Distributed, Passive and Active networks and systems.		
	Independent & Dependent sources, Step, Ramp, Impulse, Sinusoidal, Square,		
	Saw tooth signals		
2	Graph theory and Networks equations: Concept of Tree, Branch, Tree link,	4	
	Incidence matrix, Tie-set matrix and loop currents, Cut set matrix and node		
	pair potentials. Duality, Solution of Problems		
3	Coupled circuits: Magnetic coupling, Polarity of coils, Polarity of induced	3	
	voltage, Concept of Self and Mutual inductance, Coefficient of coupling,		
	Modeling of coupled circuits, Solution of problems.		
4	Laplace transforms: Impulse, Step & Sinusoidal response of RL, RC and	8	
	RLC circuits. Transient analysis of different electrical circuits with and		
	without initial conditions. Concept of Convolution theorem and its application.		
	Solution of Problems with DC & AC sources.		
5	Fourier method of waveform analysis: Fourier series and Fourier Transform	6	
	(in continuous domain only). Application in circuit analysis, Solution of		
	Problems		
6	Network Theorems: Formulation of network equations, Source	8	
	transformation, Loop variable analysis, Node variable analysis. Network		
	theorem: Superposition, Thevenin's, Norton's & Maximum power transfer		
	theorem. Millman's theorem and its application in three phase unbalanced		

	circuit analysis. Solution of Problems with DC & AC sources.		
7	Two port networks analysis: Open circuit Impedance & Short circuit	4	
	Admittance parameter, Transmission parameters, Hybrid parameters and their		
	inter relations. Driving point impedance & Admittance. Solution of Problems		
8	Filter Circuits: Analysis and synthesis of Low pass, High pass, Band pass,	4	
	Band reject, All pass filters (first and second order only) using operational		
	amplifier. Solution of Problems		

Text books:

- 1. Networks & Systems, Ashfaq Husain, Khanna Book Publishing, New Delhi
- 2. Networks and Systems, D. Roy Chowdhury, New Age International Publishers
- 3. Network Analysis and Synthesis, C.L. Wadhwa, New Age International Publishers
- 4. Circuit and Networks: Analysis and synthesis, A. Sudhakar & S.S. Palli 4th edition. Tata Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Circuit theory, Dr. Abhijit Chakrabarty, Dhanpat Rai & Co Pvt. Ltd.

Reference books:

- 1. Network Analysis, M.E. Valkenburg, Pearson Education
- 2. Fundamental of Electric circuit theory, D. Chattopadhay & P.C. Rakshit, S. Chand
- 3. Engineering Circuit Analysis, W.H. Hyat, J.E. Kemmerly & S.M. Durbin, The Mc Graw Hill Company
- 4. Problems and Solutions of Electric Circuit Analysis, R.K. Mehta & A.K. Mal, CBS, New Delhi

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Describe different type of networks, sources and signals with examples.
- 2. Explain different network theorems, coupled circuit and tools for solution of networks.
- 3. Apply network theorems and different tools to solve network problems.
- 4. Select suitable techniques of network analysis for efficient solution.
- 5. Estimate parameters of two-port networks.
- 6. Design filter circuits.

Special Remarks:

Name	of the course	DATA STRUCTURE & ALGORI	ГНМЅ	S
Course Code: PC-ECS 302		Semester: 3 rd		
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100		
Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme				
Theor	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
Tutor	Tutorial: Nil Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks			
Practi	cal: 2 hrs/week	Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	Credit Points: 3 End Semester Exam: 70 Marks			
Obje	ctive:			
1.	To understand the basics of abstract data ty	pes.		
2.	To understand the principles of linear and n	nonlinear data structures.		
3.	To build an application using sorting and se	earching		
Pre-F	Requisite:			
1.	Programing for problem solving (ES-CS 20	01)		
2.	Mathematics (BS-M-102, BS-M-202)			
Unit	Conten	t	Hrs	Marks
1	Introduction: Basic Terminologies, Eleme	entary Data Organizations,	10	
	Data Structure Operations: insertion, deletion, traversal etc.; Analysis of an			
	Algorithm, Asymptotic Notations, Time-Space trade off.			
	Searching: Linear Search and Binary Search Techniques and their complexity			
	analysis.			
2	Stacks and Queues: ADT Stack and its ope	erations: Algorithms and their	10	
	complexity analysis,			
	Applications of Stacks: Expression Conve			
	algorithms and complexity analysis. ADT of Types of Queue : Simple Queue, Circular Q	•		
	Operations on each types of Queues: Alg	-		
3	Linked Lists:	orialis and their unarysis.	10	
5	Singly linked lists: Representation in mem	nory, Algorithms of several		
	operations: Traversing, Searching, Insertion	3 - 0		
	Linked representation of Stack and Queue,			
	Doubly linked list: operations on it and alg			
	Circular Linked Lists: all operations their algorithms and the complexity			
	analysis.			
	Trees: Basic Tree Terminologies, Different			
	Threaded Binary Tree, Binary Search Tree,	_		
	of the trees and their algorithms with comp	lexity analysis. Applications of		
	Binary Trees. B Tree,			
	B+ Tree: definitions, algorithms and analys		10	
4	Sorting and Hashing: Objective and properties of different sorting 10			

algorithms: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge
Sort, Heap Sort; Performance and Comparison among all the methods,
Hashing. Graph: Basic Terminologies and Representations, Graph search
and traversal algorithms and complexity analysis.

Text books:

- 1. Data Structures and Program Design In C, 2/E by Robert L. Kruse, Bruce P. Leung. PHI
- 2. Data Structure & Algorithms Using C, R.S. Salaria, 5th Ed., Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended 2018)
- 3. Data Structures in C, Aaron M. Tenenbaum. Pearson.
- 4. Data Structure, S. Lipschutz.. Mc Graw Hill.

Reference books:

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, MIT press
- 2. Expert Data Structures with C++, R.B Patel, Khanna Publishing House
- 3. Fundamentals of Data Structures of C, Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Andersonfreed, MIT press
- 4. Data Structures Using C, Reema Thareja. Oxford University press
- 5. Data Structure Using C, 2/e by A.K. Rath, A. K. Jagadev. SCITECH
- 6. Data Structures through C, Yashwant Kanetkar, BPB Publications.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Differentiate how the choices of data structure & algorithm methods impact the performance of program.
- 2. Solve problems based upon different data structure & also write programs.
- 3. Identify appropriate data structure & algorithmic methods in solving problem.
- 4. Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting, searching, and hashing
- 5. Compare and contrast the benefits of dynamic and static data structures implementations.

Special Remarks:

Name	e of the course	ANALOG & DIGITAL ELECTRO	ONIC	S
Cours	se Code: ES-ECS 301	Semester: 3 rd		
Duration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100		Maximum Marks: 100		
Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme				
Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks				
Tutorial: Nil Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks				
Practical: 2 hrs/week Attendance: 05 Marks				
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Obje	ctive:			
1.	To acquire the basic knowledge of differen	nt analog components and their applica	tions	
2.	To acquire the basic knowledge of digital	logic levels and application of knowled	dge to	
	understand digital electronics circuits.			
3.	To prepare students to perform the analysi	s and design of various digital electron	nic circ	cuits
Pre-F	Requisite:			
1.	Basic Electronics Parts I & II learned in the	ne First year, semesters 1 & 2. Basic B.	JTs.	
2.	Basic concept of the working of P-N diode	es, Schottky diodes		
3.	Basic FETs and OPAMP as a basic circuit component. Concept of Feedback			
Unit	Conte	nt	Hrs	Marks
Unit 1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Clas	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts,	Hrs 9	Marks
	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Clas power, efficiency; Recapitulation of	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and		Marks
	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Clas power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable		Marks
1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Classes power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer.	9	Marks
	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Classes power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Alg	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII,		Marks
1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Classes power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebolic, Gray codes and their controlled to the co	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number	9	Marks
1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge of Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebraic, Gray codes and their contrepresentation with 1's and 2's complementation.	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn	9	Marks
1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra Company Codes and their compresentation with 1's and 2's complement diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation)	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn	9	Marks
1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra Company Codes and their compresentation with 1's and 2's complement diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation)	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method.	9	Marks
1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra Comparison of Comparison of Comparison of Logic expression of Logi	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn (a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method.	9	Marks
2	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge of Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra Comparation with 1's and 2's complement diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation forms; Minimization of logic expression Combinational circuits - Adder and Subsubtractor); Encoder, Decoder, Comparate Parity Generator	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn (a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method. Otractor circuits (half & full adder & tor, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and	9	Marks
1	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra EBDIC, Gray codes and their contrepresentation with 1's and 2's complement diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation forms; Minimization of logic experimental circuits - Adder and Subsubtractor); Encoder, Decoder, Comparate Parity Generator Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & Legisland Circuits - Comparate Parity Generator	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method. Obstractor circuits (half & full adder & cor, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and eatch, Flip-flops -SR, JK, D, T and	9	Marks
2	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra Comparation with 1's and 2's complement diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation forms; Minimization of logic expression Combinational circuits - Adder and Subsubtractor); Encoder, Decoder, Comparate Parity Generator Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & L. JK Masterslave Flip Flops, Registers (SIS)	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn (a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method. Potractor circuits (half & full adder & tor, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and Catch, Flip-flops -SR, JK, D, T and O, SIPO, PIPO, PISO) Ring counter,	9	Marks
2	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebourner EBDIC, Gray codes and their contrepresentation with 1's and 2's complement diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation forms; Minimization of logic experimental Circuits - Adder and Subsubtractor); Encoder, Decoder, Comparate Parity Generator Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & L. JK Masterslave Flip Flops, Registers (SIS Johnson counter, Basic concept of Synchronic Comparate Parity Generator Seguential Circuits - Basic Concept of Synchronic Counter, Basic Concept of	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method. Stractor circuits (half & full adder & tor, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and catch, Flip-flops -SR, JK, D, T and O, SIPO, PIPO, PISO) Ring counter, onous and Asynchronous counters	9	Marks
3	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge of Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra EBDIC, Gray codes and their contrepresentation with 1's and 2's complemed diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation forms; Minimization of logic experimental Comparation of logic experimental Circuits - Adder and Subsubtractor); Encoder, Decoder, Comparate Parity Generator Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & L. JK Masterslave Flip Flops, Registers (SIS Johnson counter, Basic concept of Synchrod (detail design of circuits excluded), Design	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method. Potractor circuits (half & full adder & tor, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and concept, PIPO, PISO) Ring counter, onous and Asynchronous counters in of Mod N Counter	11 10	Marks
2	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algand EBDIC, Gray codes and their concepts representation with 1's and 2's complement diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation forms; Minimization of logic experimentational circuits - Adder and Subsubtractor); Encoder, Decoder, Comparate Parity Generator Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & L. JK Masterslave Flip Flops, Registers (SIS Johnson counter, Basic concept of Synchro (detail design of circuits excluded), Design A/D and D/A conversion techniques — B	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method. Potractor circuits (half & full adder & tor, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and concept, PIPO, PISO) Ring counter, onous and Asynchronous counters in of Mod N Counter	9	Marks
2	Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class power, efficiency; Recapitulation of Oscillation, Phase Shift, Wein Bridge of Multivibrators; Schimtt Trigger circuits, 5 Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra EBDIC, Gray codes and their contrepresentation with 1's and 2's complemed diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation forms; Minimization of logic experimental Comparation of logic experimental Circuits - Adder and Subsubtractor); Encoder, Decoder, Comparate Parity Generator Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & L. JK Masterslave Flip Flops, Registers (SIS Johnson counter, Basic concept of Synchrod (detail design of circuits excluded), Design	s-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, basic concepts of Feedback and oscillators, Astable & Monostable 55 Timer. gebra (recapitulation); BCD, ASCII, aversions; Signed binary number ent methods, Binary arithmetic, Venn a); Representation in SOP and POS pressions by algebraic method. Post of the story of th	11 10	Marks

Text book and Reference books:

- 1. Microelectronics Engineering –Sedra & Smith-Oxford.
- 2. Analog Electronics, A.K. Maini, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended -2018)
- 3. Analog Electronics, L.K. Maheswari, Laxmi Publications (AICTE Recommended -2018)
- 4. Principles of Electronic Devices & circuits, B L Thereja & Sedha—S Chand
- 5. Digital Electronics Kharate Oxford
- 6. Digital Electronics Logic & Systems by J.Bigmell & R.Donovan; Cambridge Learning.
- 7. Digital Logic and State Machine Design (3rd Edition) D.J.Comer, OUP
- 8. Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory Boyelstad & Nashelsky PHI
- 9. Bell-Linear IC & OP AMP—Oxford
- 10. P.Raja- Digital Electronics- Scitech Publications
- 11. Morries Mano- Digital Logic Design- PHI
- 12. R.P.Jain—Modern Digital Electronics, 2/e, McGraw Hill
- 13. H. Taub & D. Shilling, Digital Integrated Electronics- McGraw Hill.
- 14. D.RayChaudhuri- Digital Circuits-Vol-I & II, 2/e- Platinum Publishers
- 15. Tocci, Widmer, Moss-Digital Systems, 9/e-Pearson
- 16. J.Bignell & R.Donovan-Digital Electronics-5/e- Cenage Learning.
- 17. Leach & Malvino—Digital Principles & Application, 5/e, McGraw Hill
- 18. Floyed & Jain- Digital Fundamentals-Pearson.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Realize the basic operations of different analog components
- 2. Realize basic gate operations and laws Boolean algebra.
- 3. Understand basic structure of digital computer, stored program concept and different arithmetic and control unit operations.

Special Remarks:

Name	e of the course M	MATHEMATICS-III		
Cours	se Code: BS-ECS 301 Se	Semester: 3 rd		
Durat	Duration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100			
Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme		Examination Scheme		
Theor	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
Tutor	Tutorial: 1 hr/week Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks			
Practi	cal: Nil A	Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	Credit Points: 3 End Semester Exam: 70 Marks			
Objec	ctive:			
1.	To know Convergence of sequence and series	s		
2.	To know Limit, continuity and partial derivat	tives, Chain rule, Implicit function		
3.	To know First Order Differential Equation, E	Exact, Linear and Bernoulli's equation	ons, Ba	isic
	Concept of graph, Walk, Path Circuit, Euler a	and Hamiltonian graph, diagraph		
Pre-R	Requisite:			
1.	Concept Linear Algebra Determinant and its	properties (up to third order)		
2.	Minor and cofactors, Matrices, addition, mult	tiplication and transpose of a matrix	x, Sym	metric
	and skew-symmetric			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
Unit	Convergence of sequence and series, tests		Hrs 8	Marks
	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential,			Marks
1	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions.	trigonometric and logarithmic	8	Marks
	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives,	trigonometric and logarithmic		Marks
1	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian,	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function,	8	Marks
1	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives,	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points;	8	Marks
1	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; oblems.	8	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; oblems. and polar), change of order of	7	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States	trigonometric and logarithmic The control of variables (Cartesian to polar).	7 8	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian and integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, L	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. and polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). ment only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations,	7	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first designs.	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. Ind polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). Ement only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p,	7 8	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first dequations solvable for y, equations solvable	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. Ind polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). Ement only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p,	7 8	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first dequations solvable for y, equations solvable & singular solution.	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. and polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). ement only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p, for x and Clairaut's form, general	7 8	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first dequations solvable for y, equations solvable & singular solution. Second order linear differential equations	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. Ind polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). Ement only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p, for x and Clairaut's form, general s with constant coefficients, D-	7 8	Marks
3	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first dequations solvable for y, equations solvable & singular solution. Second order linear differential equations operator method, method of variation of paragraphs.	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. and polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). ment only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p, for x and Clairaut's form, general s with constant coefficients, D- meters, Cauchy-Euler equation.	8 8 9	Marks
2	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first dequations solvable for y, equations solvable & singular solution. Second order linear differential equations operator method, method of variation of parar Basic Concept of graph, Walk, Path Circuit, I	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. and polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). ment only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p, for x and Clairaut's form, general s with constant coefficients, D- meters, Cauchy-Euler equation.	7 8	Marks
3	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Magradient, curl and divergence and related produble and triple integrals (Cartesian an integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first dequations solvable for y, equations solvable & singular solution. Second order linear differential equations operator method, method of variation of parare Basic Concept of graph, Walk, Path Circuit, I diagraph.	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; blems. and polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). ment only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p, for x and Clairaut's form, general s with constant coefficients, D- meters, Cauchy-Euler equation. Euler and Hamiltonian graph,	8 8 9	Marks
3	Convergence of sequence and series, tests Taylor's series. Series for exponential, functions. Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, Jacobian, Directional derivatives, Total derivative; Ma Gradient, curl and divergence and related pro Double and triple integrals (Cartesian as integration in double integrals, Change of Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (States First Order Differential Equation, Exact, I Equations of first order but not of first dequations solvable for y, equations solvable & singular solution. Second order linear differential equations operator method, method of variation of parar Basic Concept of graph, Walk, Path Circuit, I	trigonometric and logarithmic Chain rule, Implicit function, axima, minima and saddle points; bblems. and polar), change of order of of variables (Cartesian to polar). ment only) and related problems. Linear and Bernoulli's equations, degree: equations solvable for p, for x and Clairaut's form, general s with constant coefficients, D- meters, Cauchy-Euler equation. Euler and Hamiltonian graph, acy matrix.	8 8 9	Marks

Text book and Reference books:

- 1. Higher Algebra, S. K. Mapa, Levant Books.
- 2. Advanced Higher Algebra, Chakravorty and Ghosh, U N Dhar Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Co-ordinate Geometry, S. L. Loney
- 4. Integral Calculus, Das and Mukherjee, U N Dhar Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Differential Calculus, Das and Mukherjee, U N Dhar Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, E Kreyszig
- 7. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Chandrika Prasad & Reena Garg, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended Textbook -2018)

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Express a logic sentence in terms of predicates, quantifiers, and logical connectives.
- 2. Apply the rules of inference and methods of proof including direct and indirect proof forms, proof by contradiction, and mathematical induction.
- 3. Use tree and graph algorithms to solve problems
- 4. Evaluate Boolean functions and simplify expressions using the properties of Boolean algebra.

Special Remarks:

Name of the course	BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS
Course Code: BS 301	Semester: 3 rd
Duration: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100
Teaching Scheme	Examination Scheme
Theory: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks
Tutorial: Nil	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks
Practical: Nil	Attendance: 05 Marks
Credit Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks
014 4	

Objective:

- 1. To introduce modern biology with an emphasis on evolution of biology as a multidisciplinary field.
- 2. To make students aware of application of engineering principles in biology and engineering robust solution inspired by biological examples.

Pre-Requisite:

1. Nil

Unit	Content	Hrs	Marks
1	Introduction Purpose: To convey that Biology is as important a scientific discipline as Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry. Bring out the fundamental differences between science and engineering by drawing a comparison between eye and camera, Bird flying and aircraft. Mention the most exciting aspect of biology as an independent scientific discipline. Why we need to study biology? Discuss how biological observations of 18th Century that lead to major discoveries. Examples from Brownian motion and the origin of thermodynamics by referring to the original observation of Robert Brown and Julius Mayor. These examples will highlight the fundamental importance of	2	
	observations in any scientific inquiry		
2	Classification: Purpose: To convey that classification per se is not what biology is all about. The underlying criterion, such as morphological, biochemical or ecological be highlighted. Hierarchy of life forms at phenomenological level. A common thread weaves this hierarchy Classification. Discuss classification based on (a) cellularity- Unicellular or multi cellular (b) ultra structure prokaryotes or eucaryotes. (c) energy and Carbon utilization -Autotrophs, heterotrophs, lithotropes (d) Ammonia excretion – aminotelic, uricotelic, ureotelic (e) Habitata- acquatic or terrestrial (f) Molecular taxonomy- three major kingdoms of life. A given organism can come under different category based on classification. Model organisms for the study of biology come from different groups. E.coli, S.cerevisiae, D. Melanogaster, C. elegance, A. Thaliana, M. musculus.	3	

2	D:11	4
3	Biomolecules Purpose: To convey that all forms of life has the same building blocks and yet the manifestations are as diverse as one can imagine. Molecules of life. In this context discuss monomeric units and polymeric structures. Discuss about sugars, starch and cellulose. Amino acids and proteins. Nucleotides and DNA/RNA. Two carbon units and lipids.	4
4	-	
4	Macromolecular analysis: Purpose: To analyze biological processes at the reductionistic level. Proteins-structure and function. Hierarch in protein structure. Primary secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure. Proteins as enzymes, transporters, receptors and structural elements.	5
5	Metabolism	4
	Purpose: The fundamental principles of energy transactions are the same in physical and biological world. Thermodynamics as applied to biological systems. Exothermic and endothermic versus endergonic and exergonic reactions. Concept of Keq and its relation to standard free energy. Spontaneity. ATP as an energy currency. This should include the breakdown of glucose to $CO_2 + H_2O$ (Glycolysis and Krebs cycle) and synthesis of glucose from CO_2 and H_2O (Photosynthesis). Energy yielding and energy consuming reactions. Concept of Energy charge	
6	Microbiology	3
	Concept of single celled organisms. Concept of species and strains. Identification and classification of microorganisms. Microscopy. Ecological aspects of single celled organisms. Sterilization and media compositions. Growth kinetics.	
7	Immunology	5
	Purpose: How does the immune system work? What are the molecular and cellular components and pathways that protect an organism from infectious agents or cancer? This comprehensive course answers these questions as it explores the cells and molecules of the immune system. Immunology- Self vs Non-self, pathogens, human immune system, antigen-antibody reactions.	
8	Information Transfer	4
	Purpose: The molecular basis of coding and decoding genetic information is universal. Molecular basis of information transfer. DNA as a genetic material. Hierarchy of DNA structure- from single stranded to double helix to nucleosomes. Concept of genetic code. Universality and degeneracy of genetic code. Define gene in terms of complementation and recombination.	
9	Cancer biology	5
	Purpose: A basic understanding of cancer biology and treatment. The course is not designed for patients seeking treatment guidance – but it can help to understand how cancer develops and provides a framework for understanding cancer diagnosis and treatment. Cell Identification of the major types of cancer worldwide. Description of how	
	genes contribute to the risk and growth of cancer. List and description of the	

	ten cellular hallmarks of cancer. Definition of metastasis, and identification of		
	the major steps in the metastatic process. Description of the role of imaging in		
	the screening, diagnosis, staging, and treatments of cancer. Explanation of how		
	cancer is treated.		
10	Techniques in bio physics	3	
	Purpose: Biophysics is an interdisciplinary science that applies approaches		
	and methods traditionally used in physics to study biological phenomena. The		
	techniques including microscopy, spectroscopy, electrophysiology, single-		
	molecule methods and molecular modeling		
11	Stem cell	2	
	Purpose: Stem cells and derived products offer great promise for new medical		
	treatments. Learn about stem cell types, current and possible uses, ethical		
	issues.		

Text book and Reference books:

- 1. N. A. Campbell, J. B. Reece, L. Urry, M. L. Cain and S. A. Wasserman, —Biology: A global approach, Pearson Education Ltd, 2014.
- 2. E. E. Conn, P. K. Stumpf, G. Bruening and R. H. Doi, —Outlines of Biochemistryll, John Wiley and Sons, 2009.
- 3. D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, —Principles of Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman and Company, 2012.
- 4. G. S. Stent and R. Calendar, —Molecular Genetics, Freeman and company, 1978.
- 5. L. M. Prescott, J. P. Harley and C. A. Klein, —Microbiologyl, McGraw Hill Higher Education, 2005.
- 6. Lewis J. Kleinsmith. —Principles of cancer biology, Pearson, 2016

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Describe with examples the biological observations lead to major discoveries.
- 2. Explain
 - the classification of kingdom of life
 - the building blocks of life
 - different techniques of bio physics used to study biological phenomena
 - the role of imaging in the screening, diagnosis, staging, and treatments of cancer.
- 3. Identify DNA as a genetic material in the molecular basis of information transfer
- 4. Analyze biological processes at the reductionistic level.
- 5. Apply thermodynamic principles to biological systems.
- 6. Identify microorganisms.

Special Remarks:

Name	of the course	ECONOMICS FOR ENGINEERS		
Course Code: HM 301		Semester: 3 rd		
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teach	ning Scheme 1	Examination Scheme		
Theo	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
Tutor	ial: Nil	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks		
Practical: Nil Attendance: 05 Marks		Attendance: 05 Marks		
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
Obje	ctive:			
1.	Understand the role and scope of Engineerin decision making	ng Economics and the process of eco	nomic	
2.	Understand the different concepts of cost an	nd different cost estimation technique	s	
3.	Familiarization with the concepts of cash flo	ow, time value of money and differen	t inter	est
	formulas			
4.	Appreciation of the role of uncertainty in fur	ture events and using different conce	pts fro	om
	probability to deal with uncertainty			
5.	Understand the concepts of Depreciation and of calculation	d Replacement analysis along with the	neir m	ethods
6.	Familiarization with the phenomenon of infl	lation and the use of price indices in		
	engineering Economics	-		
7.	Introduction to basic concepts of Accounting	g and Financial Management		
Pre-F	Requisite:			
1.	Mathematics			
Unit	Content	t	Hrs	Marks
1	Economic Decisions Making – Overview, l	Problems, Role, Decision making	9	
	process.			
	Engineering Costs & Estimation – Fixed,	, 6		
	Costs, Sunk Costs, Opportunity Costs, Recu			
	Incremental Costs, Cash Costs vs Book Cos			
	Estimate, Estimating Models – Per Unit Mo			
2	Indexes, Power-Sizing Model, Improvement Cash Flow, Interest and Equivalence: Cas		9	
<u> </u>	Computation, Time Value of Money, Debt		7	
	Interest.			
	Cash Flow & Rate of Return Analysis –			
	Value, Annual Cash Flow Analysis, Analysis			
	Calculating Rate of Return, Incremental A			
	an Analysis Method, Future Worth Analy			

Sensitivity and Breakeven Analysis. Economic Analysis In The Public

	Sector -Quantifying And Valuing Benefits & drawbacks.		
3	Inflation and Price Change – Definition, Effects, Causes, Price Change with	9	
	Indexes, Types of Index, Composite vs Commodity Indexes, Use of Price		
	Indexes In Engineering Economic Analysis, Cash Flows that inflate at		
	different Rates.		
	Present Worth Analysis: End-Of-Year Convention, Viewpoint Of Economic		
	Analysis Studies, Borrowed Money Viewpoint, Effect of Inflation & Deflation,		
	Taxes, Economic Criteria, Applying Present Worth Techniques, Multiple		
	Alternatives.		
	Uncertainty In Future Events - Estimates and Their Use in Economic		
	Analysis, Range of Estimates, Probability, Joint Probability Distributions,		
	Expected Value, Economic Decision Trees, Risk, Risk vs Return, Simulation,		
	Real Options.		
4	Depreciation - Basic Aspects, Deterioration & Obsolescence, Depreciation	9	
	And Expenses, Types Of Property, Depreciation Calculation Fundamentals,		
	Depreciation And Capital Allowance Methods, Straight-Line Depreciation		
	Declining Balance Depreciation, Common Elements of Tax Regulations For		
	Depreciation And Capital Allowances.		
	Replacement Analysis - Replacement Analysis Decision Map, Minimum Cost		
	Life of a New Asset, Marginal Cost, Minimum Cost Life Problems.		
	Accounting - Function, Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Financial Ratios		
	Capital Transactions, Cost Accounting, Direct and Indirect Costs, Indirect Cost		
	Allocation.		

Text book and Reference books:

- 1. James L.Riggs, David D. Bedworth, Sabah U. Randhawa: Economics for Engineers 4e, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Donald Newnan, Ted Eschembach, Jerome Lavelle: Engineering Economics Analysis, OUP
- 3. John A. White, Kenneth E. Case, David B. Pratt: Principle of Engineering Economic Analysis, John Wiley
- 4. Sullivan and Wicks: Engineering Economy, Pearson
- 5. R. Paneer Seelvan: Engineering Economics, PHI
- 6. Michael R Lindeburg: Engineering Economics Analysis, Professional Pub
- 7. Premvir Kapoor, Sociology & Economics for Engineers, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE Recommended Textbook 2018)

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Make different economic decisions and estimate engineering costs by applying different cost estimation models.
- 2. Create cash flow diagrams for different situations and use different interest formulae to solve associated problems.

- 3. Take decisions regarding different engineering projects by using various criteria like rate of return analysis, present worth analysis, cost-benefit analysis etc.
- 4. Incorporate the effect of uncertainty in economic analysis by using various concepts like expected value, estimates and simulation.
- 5. Understand the concepts of depreciation and replacement analysis and solve associated problems.
- 6. Understand the process of inflation and use different price indices to adjust for its effect.
- 7. Apply the various concepts of Accounting like balance sheet and ratio analysis.
- 8. Understand the scope of Finance and the role of financial planning and management.

Special Remarks:

Name of the course		Electric circuit theory Laboratory	
Course Code: PC-ECS 391		Semester: 3 rd	
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100	
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme	
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60	
Practi	cal: 2 hrs/week		
Credi	t Points: 1		
	Laboratory Experiments:		
1	Transient response of R-L and R-C network: simulation with software & hardware		
2	Transient response of R-L-C series and parallel circuit: simulation with software &		
	hardware		
3	Determination of Impedance (Z) and Admittance (Y) parameter of two-port network:		
	simulation & hardware.		
4	Frequency response of LP and HP filters: simulation & hardware.		
5	Frequency response of BP and BR filters: simulation & hardware		
6	Generation of Periodic, Exponential, Sinusoidal, Damped Sinusoidal, Step, Impulse, Ramp		
	signal using MATLAB in both discrete and analog form.		
7	Determination of Laplace transform and Inverse Laplace transform using MATLAB.		
8	Amplitude and Phase spectrum analysis of different signals using MATLAB.		
9	Verification of Network theorems using software & hardware		

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

1. Determine

- transient response of different electrical circuit
- parameters of two port network
- frequency response of filters.
- Laplace transform and inverse Laplace transform
- 2. Generate different signals in both discrete and analog form
- 3. Analyze amplitude and phase spectrum of different signals.
- 4. Verify network theorems.
- 5. Construct circuits with appropriate instruments and safety precautions.
- 6. Simulate electrical circuit experiments using suitable software.

Special Remarks:

Name of the course		Data Structure & Algorithm Laboratory	
Course Code: PC-ECS 392		Semester: 3 rd	
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100	
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme	
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60	
Pract	ical: 2 hrs/week		
Credit Points: 1			
	Laboratory Experiments:		
1	Linear Data Structure		
	1 Implementation of array operations		
	2 Stacks and Queues: adding, deleting elements Circular Queue: Adding & deleting		
	elements		
	3 Merging Problem: Evaluation of expre	ssions operations on Multiple stacks & queues:	
	4 Implementation of linked lists: inserting, deleting, inverting a linked list. Implementation		
	of stacks & queues using linked lists		
	5 Polynomial addition, Polynomial multiplication		
2	Non Linear Data Structure		
	6 Recursive and Non-recursive traversal of Trees		
	7 Threaded binary tree traversal. AVL tree implementation		
	8 Application of Trees. Application of so	orting and searching algorithms	
	9 Hash tables implementation: searching, inserting and deleting, searching & sorting		
	techniques.		

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Differentiate how the choices of data structure & algorithm methods impact the performance of program.
- 2. Solve problems based upon different data structure & also write programs.
- 3. Identify appropriate data structure & algorithmic methods in solving problem.
- 4. Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting, searching, and hashing
- 5. Compare and contrast the benefits of dynamic and static data structures implementations.

Special Remarks:

Name of the course		IT Workshop (Python & MATLAB)	
Course Code: PC-ECS 393		Semester: 3 rd	
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100	
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme	
Theory: 1 hr/week		Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60	
	ical: 2 hrs/week		
Credit Points: 1			
	Laboratory	Experiments:	
		ython	
1	Introduction History, Features, Setting up path, Working with Python, Basic Syntax,		
	Variable and Data Types, Operator		
2	Conditional Statements If, If- else, Nested if-else, Looping, For, While, Nested loops		
3	Control Statements Break, Continue, Pass		
4	String Manipulation Accessing Strings, Basic Operations, String slices, Function and		
	Methods		
5	Lists Introduction, Accessing list, Operations, Working with lists, Function and Methods		
6		erations, Working, Functions and Methods	
7	Dictionaries Introduction, Accessing values in dictionaries, Working with dictionaries,		
	Properties		
8	Functions Defining a function, Calling a function, Types of functions, Function Arguments,		
	Anonymous functions, Global and local variables		
9		e, Random module, Packages, Composition, Input-	
		from keyboard, Opening and closing file, Reading	
10	and writing files, Functions Execution Handling Execution Execution	n Handling, Except clause, Try? Finally clause,	
10	User Defined Exceptions.	in Handling, Except clause, Try: Finally clause,	
		ATLAB	
1	Programming in MATLAB Introduction		
2	Starting MATLAB, Using MATLAB as a		
		Operations, MATLAB-Data types, Rules about	
	variable names, Predefined variables		
3	Programming-I Vector, Matrix, Array Ad	dressing, Built-in functions, Mathematical	
	Operations, Dealing with strings (Array	of characters), Array of array (cell) concept	
4		ands, Output commands, Structure of function	
		omparison between script file and function file	
5	Conditional statements and Loop Relational and Logical Operators, If-else statements,		
	Switch-case statements,		
6	For loop, While loop, Special commands (Break and continue),		
7		data to own file or database 2D Plotting In-built	
	functions for plotting, Multiple plotting v	with special graphics, Curve fitting,	

Interpolation, Basic fitting interface 3D Plotting Use of mesh grid function, Mesh plot, Surface plot, Plots with special graphics

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 7. To master an understanding of scripting & the contributions of scripting languages
- 8. Design real life problems and think creatively about solutions
- 9. Apply a solution in a program using Matlab/Python.
- 10. To be exposed to advanced applications of mathematics, engineering and natural sciences to program real life problems.

Special Remarks:

Name of the course		Analog & Digital Electronics Laboratory	
Course Code: ES-ECS 391		Semester: 3 rd	
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100	
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme	
Theory: Nil		Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutorial: Nil		External Assessment: 60	
Practical: 2 hrs/week			
Credi	t Points: 1		
	Laboratory Experiments:		
Analog Electronics			
1	Design a Class A amplifier		
2	Design a Phase-Shift Oscillator		
3	Design of a Schmitt Trigger using 555 timer		
		Electronics	
4	Design a Full Adder using basic gates and verify its output / Design a Full Subtractor circuit		
	using basic gates and verify its output.		
5	Construction of simple Decoder & Multi	plexer circuits using logic gates.	
6	Realization of RS / JK / D flip flops using logic gates		
7	Design of Shift Register using J-K / D Flip Flop		
8	Realization of Synchronous Up/Down counter		
9	Design of MOD- N Counter		
10	Study of DAC		

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Realize the basic operations of different analog components
- 2. Realize basic gate operations and laws Boolean algebra.
- 3. Understand basic structure of digital computer, stored program concept and different arithmetic and control unit operations.

Special Remarks: